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**Research Article**

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**FORMULATION DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION OF  
ARIPIPRAZOLE-IR TABLETS BY USING DIFFERENT STARCH  
DERIVATIVE DISINTEGRANTS.****P.Sireesha\*, N.Lal Mahammed, K.Narendra Kumar Reddy**Department of Pharmaceutics, Vikas Group of Institutions, Nunna, Vijayawada Rural-521212, **Andhra Pradesh, India.***Received: April 2014**Revised and Accepted: May 2014*

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**ABSTRACT:**

Aripiprazole used as anti-psychotic drug therapy in the form of immediate release tablet. This paper represents the disintegrants like starch, pre-gelatinated starch and corn starch which were used as suitable disintegrants for drug release. The investigation of drug release profile in the formulation of immediate release tablet with manufacturing includes the use of wet granulation processes. In this work the Characteristic study of drug release from immediate release tablets by taking 8 different formulations. It was obtained that disintegrants like starch, pre-gelatinated starch and corn starch formulations were shown comparable results with innovator. There was no more significant impact on physical properties of the formulations by interchanging starch, pre-gelatinated starch and corn starch. But higher percentage of drug release was observed when the formulation contained corn starch (f4) compared to other formulations. From this study it concluded that formulation (f4) which contained corn starch as disintegrant showed similar dissolution profile with innovator.

**Key words:** Aripiprazole, corn starch, pregelatinated starch, starch, wet granulation.

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**INTRODUCTION:**

Aripiprazole is an atypical III generation antipsychotic and antidepressant used in the treatment of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, and clinical depression. It was approved by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for schizophrenia. Aripiprazole is also a partial agonist at the 5-HT<sub>1A</sub> receptor and like the other atypical antipsychotics displays an antagonist profile at the 5-HT<sub>2A</sub> receptor. Tablet is the most popular among all dosage forms existing today because of its convenience of self administration, compactness and ease of manufacturing; however in many cases immediate onset of action is required than conventional therapy.

To overcome these drawbacks, immediate release pharmaceutical dosage form has emerged as alternative oral dosage forms. There are novel types of dosage forms that act very quickly after administration. Immediate release (IR) tablets are a better choice for drugs which need to elicit their action in a short duration. In contrast to conventional tablets IR tablets are intended to disintegrate in the stomach in less than three minutes and must release 85% or more of stated amount of drug within 30 min. Anti psychotics are used to treat schizophrenia. Immediate release tablet/disintegrating tablets are a perfect fit to take dose of an antipsychotic easily. IR formulation of an antipsychotic drug can have several advantages like quick onset of action, increased bioavailability, reduced dose, minimal side effects etc; over conventional tablets. Immediate release tablets (IR) have received ever-increasing demand during the last decade and the field has become a rapidly growing area in the pharmaceutical industry. Upon administration, these tablets were

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easily disintegrate and the drug will be released in 2-3min. The main objective of this work is to formulate an immediate release oral solid dosage form of aripiprazole which is considered to be stable and pharmaceutically equivalent to that of the reference [marketed] product for the treatment of schizophrenia disease.

To achieve this goal various trials are to be taken and evaluated with respect to the various quality parameters such as dissolution and related studies. The objectives of the present study are to design, optimize and evaluate immediate release tablets of antipsychotic drug.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS:

### Materials:

Aripiprazole (Hetero labs limited(unit-I)), Lactose monohydrate, ph.Eur (HMS Impalable)#Corn starch, USP/NP(extra white maize),Starch-1500,Pregelatinised Starch, ph.Eur(Extra white maize),Cellulose, microcrystalline, ph.eur(Avicel PH101) Hydroxypropyl cellulose,ph.Eur(Klucel EXF),Purified water, IHS/USP/Ph.EurPurified water, Cellulose microcrystalline, Ph.eur(avigel PH 112)Magnesium stearate, Ph.Eur.All other reagents and chemicals were of analytical grade.

### METHODS:

For the following study we are taken Aripiprazole which is an antipsychotic third generation drug. In this study first we did preformulation studies.

### Preformulation Studies:

In this preformulation studies we studied about the API characterization, Drug - Excipient Compatibility Studies, Analytical Method Development and Pre-compression parameters.

**API Characterization:** It is necessary to study the physicochemical properties of the bulk drug like physical appearance, solubility, melting point, particle size and compatibility.

**Drug - Excipient Compatibility Studies:** The compatibility studies provide the framework for the drugs combination with excipients in the fabrication of the dosage form. Basically two methods were followed. Here we followed FT-IR Spectrophotometric Method. It is performed by KBr pellet method [6,7].

**Analytical Method Development:** Analytical method development is studied for knowing about the purity of the drug [8]. It is carried out by two methods. HPLC or U.V. Here we are followed U.V method.

**Pre-compression parameters:** Before going to formulation we need to study pre compression parameters like Angle of Repose, Bulk density, Tapped density, Compressibility index, Hausner ratio and Sieve analysis.

Then we went for the formulation development...

### Formulation Development and Evaluation:

For this study we developed 8 formulations by using different disintegrants. The following table shown the formulation development for the present study.

Table I: Formulation development of aripiprazole

s.no	Ingredients(mg)	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8
1	Aripiprazole, IH	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
2	Lactose monohydrate, USP/NF(HMS Impalable)	68.24	68.24	68.24	68.24	72.24	73.24	66.24	63.24
3	Cornstarch, USP/NP(extra white maize)	-	-	-	10.0	8.0	9.0	12.0	15.0
4	Starch-1500	9.0	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Pregelatinised Starch	-	-	10.0	-	-	-	-	-
6	Microcrystalline cellulose, USP/NF(avigel ph101)	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
7	Ferric oxide, USP/NF(sicovit red 30E172)	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
8	Hydroxypropyl cellulose, (binder)USP/NF(klucelEX)	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
9	Purified water, HIS/Ph.Eur/USP	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
10	Magnesium stearate, USP	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

After completion of the formulation development we did the manufacturing of the tablets. For the preparation of the tablets we are selected wet granulation method. After completion of compression of the tablets we need to study the evaluation parameters of the prepared tablets.

#### **Evaluation Parameters:**

The following test were done for the evaluation of the tablets like Physical appearance, Weight variation test, Hardness, Thickness, Percentage Friability, Disintegration time, Assay by HPLC and Dissolution.

#### **Assay by HPLC:**

Chemicals & Reagents used in the assay:

Orthophosphoric acid : AR grad

Methanol : HPLC grade

Acetonitrile : HPLC grade

Water : Milli-Q grade

The Chromatographic Conditions are..

- (i) Column: inertsil ODS-3V, 150×4.6mm; 5µm or equivalent.
- (ii) Detection: UV, 215nm.
- (iii) Flow rate : 1.5mL/minute.
- (iv) Column temp : 40°C.
- (v) Injection volume : 10µl.
- (vi) Run time: 15 minutes.

#### **Dissolution:**

#### **Chemicals & reagents used for the dissolution;**

- (i) Hydrochloric acid: AR grade.
- (ii) Potassium chloride: AR grade.
- (iii) Triethylamine: AR grade.
- (iv) Orthophosphoric acid : AR grade.
- (v) Acetonitrile : HPLC grade .
- (vi) Methanol : HPLC grade

(vii) Water: HPLC grade

#### **Dissolution parameters are....**

- (i) Medium : pH 1.2 buffer.
- (ii) Volume: 900 ml.
- (iii) Apparatus : paddle. Speed: 60rpm.
- (iv) Temp : 37.0 ± 0.5°C

#### **Sampling time :**

- (i) For single point : 30 minutes.
- (ii) For profile : 10, 20, 30, & 45 minutes.

#### **Chromatographic conditions are...**

- (i) Column : inertsil ODS-3 ; 250 X 4.6 MM, 5µm or equivalent.
- (ii) Flow rate : 1.0mL/minute.
- (iii) Detection: UV, 215nm.
- (iv) Column temperature: 40°C.
- (v) Injection volume: 20µL.
- (vi) Run time: 10 minutes.

After completion of the in-vitro evaluation, tablets were subjected to the Accelerated stability studies. Finally we concluded that formulation 4 which contain corn starch shown better results than other formulations.

## **RESULTS:**

#### **Pre-Formulation Studies:**

##### **Api Characterization:**

Appearance: Aripiprazole is a white to half weight crystalline solid. Based on the above inferences the drug ARIPIPRAZOLE was determined to be practically soluble in 0.1 N HCl, pH 4.5 acetate buffer, pH 6.8 phosphate buffer, Purified water. Solubility: Based on the below inferences the drug ARIPIPRAZOLE was determined to be practically soluble in 0.1 N HCl, pH 4.5 acetate buffer, pH 6.8 phosphate buffer, Purified water.

**Table II: Solubility of Aripiprazole**

Solvent	Mg/ml	Approax volume of solvent in ml per gram of solute	Solubility criteria
0.1 N HCl	0.0670	14925.37	Practically insoluble
pH 4.5 acetate buffer	0.0686	14577.25948	Practically insoluble
pH 6.8 phosphate buffer	0.0051	196078.4314	Practically insoluble
Purified water	0.0005	2000000	Practically insoluble

Practical size Analysis of API:

**Table III: Partical size Analysis of API**

S.NO	Sieve no.	Cumulative % retention
1	40	4
2	60	12.6
3	80	18.8
4	100	23.2
5	120	29.4
	RECEIVER	100

### Drug-Excipients Compatability Studies:

Physical Compatibility:

*Table IV: Physical Compatibility Results*

Material	Sample Status After 1 month, kept at Accelerated $40^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C} / 75\% \text{ RH} \pm 5\% \text{ RH}$	Sample Status After 1 month, kept at $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C} / 60\% \text{ RH} \pm 5\% \text{ RH}$
Aripiprazole+microcrystalline	No Change	No Change
Aripiprazole+HPC	No Change	No Change
Aripiprazole+cornstarch	No Change	No Change
Aripiprazole+magnesiumstearate	No Change	No Change

### Result:

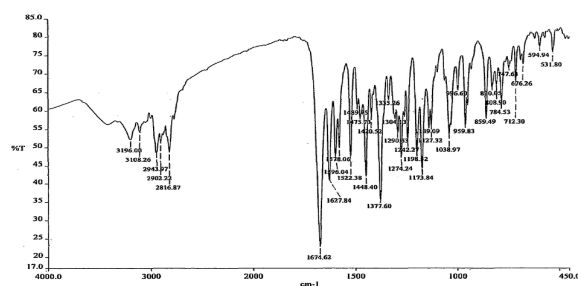
Above study states that there was not any type of color change or lumps were formed.

### Analytical Method Development:

*Table V: Standard graph of Aripiprazole*

Sl. No	Concentration ( $\mu\text{g/ml}$ )	Absorbance
1	0.00	0.00
2	2.00	0.307
3	4.00	0.616
4	6.00	0.900
5	8.00	1.247
6	10.00	1.544

### FTIR-Reports:



**Figure 1: FTIR of Aripiprazole- API**

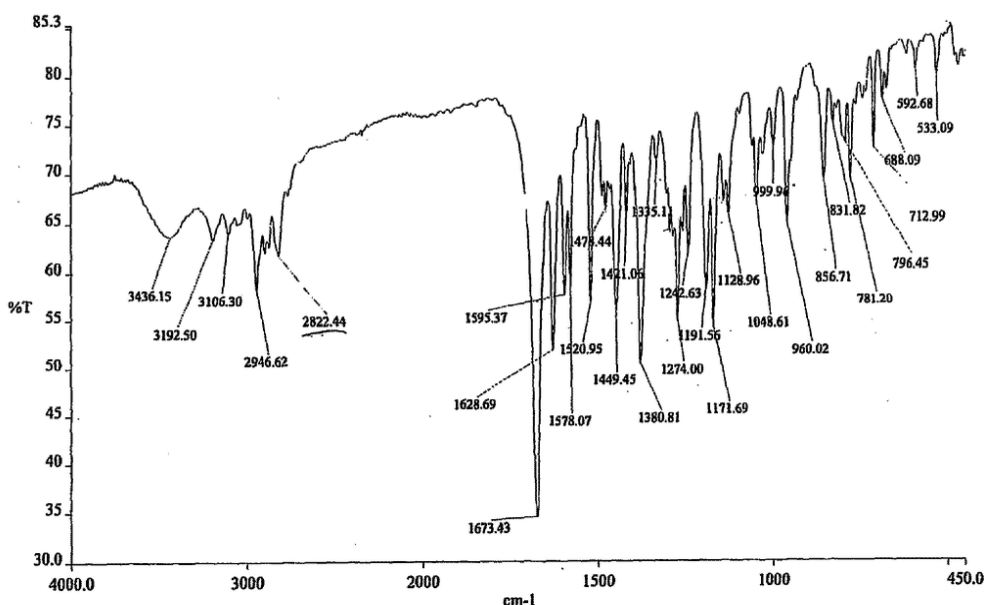


Figure 2: FTIR of Formul Atiom 8-Drug+ Excipient

**Precompression Parameters Results of Granules:****Flow properties:**

Table VI: Flow properties

s.no	Blend characterization data								
	Parameters	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8
1	Bulk density (gm/ml)	0.5912	0.5913	0.5918	0.5915	0.5912	0.5915	0.5912	0.5915
2	Tap density (gm/ml)	0.7422	0.7425	0.7424	0.7425	0.7422	0.7425	0.7422	0.7425
3	Compressibility Index (%)	20.334	20.334	20.334	20.336	20.334	20.336	20.334	20.336
4	Angle of repose	25.590	25.590	25.590	25.594	25.590	25.594	25.590	25.594
5	Hausner ratio	1.25541	1.2557	1.2544	1.2552	1.2554	1.2552	1.2554	1.2552

The formulated granules were characterized with respect to Angle of repose, bulk density and tapped density. Angle of repose of API was found to be  $25^{\circ}$ - $26^{\circ}$ , thus indicating that the flow properties were Excellent. Hausner's ratio was more than 1.25 for all the batches indicating Fair Passable flow properties. Compressibility index was 20%-21% for all the batches indicating Fair-Passable flow properties.

**Sieve Analysis:**

All the Granules were tested for particle size by sieve analysis using mechanical sieve shaker. The size of granules (841-1190 $\mu$ m) is found to be within the range of standard sieves. All the granules are passed through sieve no.16 easily and retained on sieve no.20.

**Formulation-Results:****Table VII: Characteristics of Optimized Formulation:**

S.NO	Formulation code	Hardness of tablets(KP)	Thickness of tablets (mm)	Friability (%)	Average wt(mg)	Disintegration time (min)
1	F1	4.52	2.50	0.063	95	2.5
2	F2	4.55	2.52	0.070	95.5	1.5
3	F3	4.32	2.50	0.052	95.2	2
4	F4	4.20	2.50	0.055	95	2.2
5	F5	4.10	2.53	0.059	95.2	2.5
6	F6	4.25	2.55	0.066	95	2.8
7	F7	4.2	2.52	0.063	95.2	3.5
8	F8	4.2	2.52	0.070	95	3.8

i)Hardness of each formulation was analysed for formulations F1 to F8 and all formulations were found to have good hardness. So they were taken for further studies to measure hardness of tablets of each batch range between 4.2to4.5 kp .

ii)Tablets mean thickness were almost uniform in all formulations and were found to be in the range of 2.50to 2.55 mm.

iii)The total weight of each formulation was not maintained constant however the weight

variation of the tablet was within the limits of 0.5% .iv)All the tablets passed the pharmacopoeial specifications for the disintegration of uncoated tablets within 2.0-3.0. Formulations containing starch1500 (lycotab-c) 5% shows rapid disintegration when compared with the other formulations. The disintegration time of F1to F8 were found to have equivalent time with that of innovator product.

**Assay by HPLC:****HPLC Report**

Sample information@E\data/2014/may1/aripiprazole 1.5.124

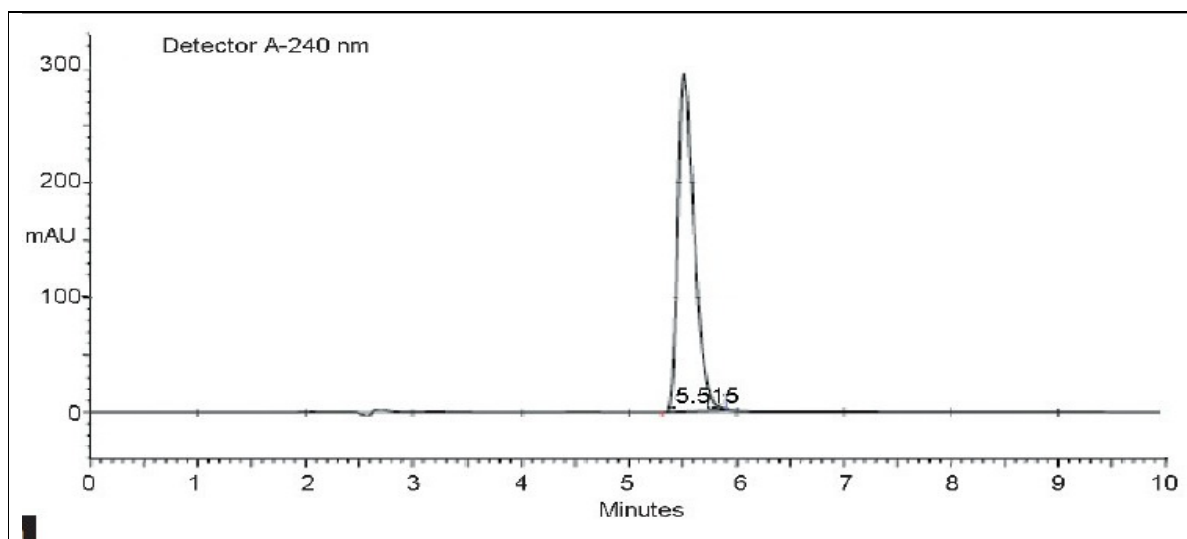
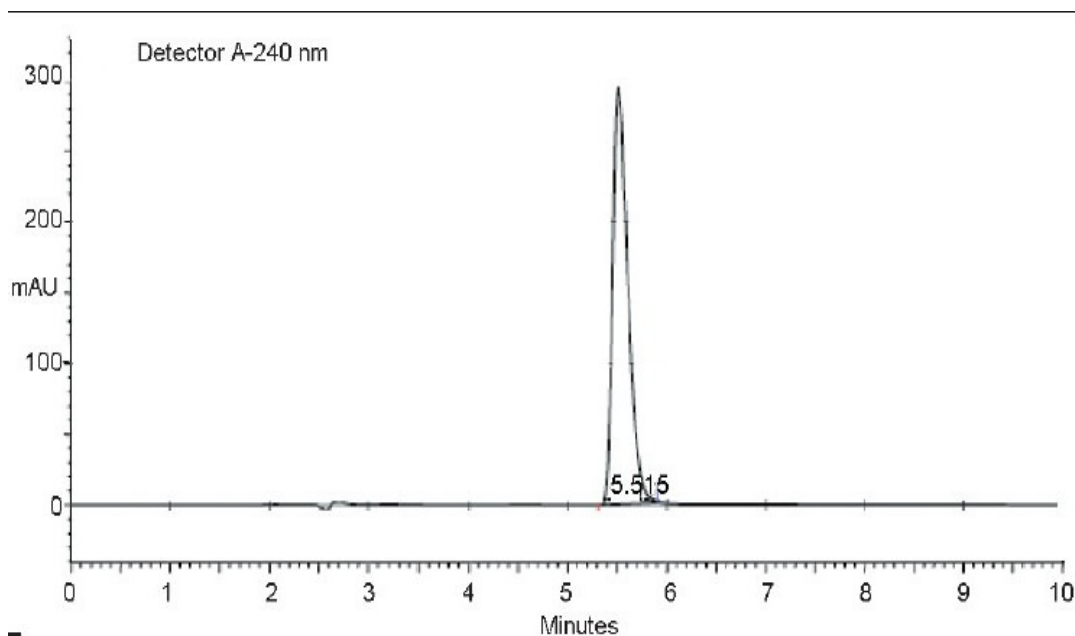
**Figure 3: standard peak table information@E\data/2014/may1/aripiprazole 1.5.14**

Table no VIII: PD A multi 240nm:

Peak	Name	Ret.time	Theoretical plates	Tailing factor
1	aripiprazole	5.151	3000	1.12

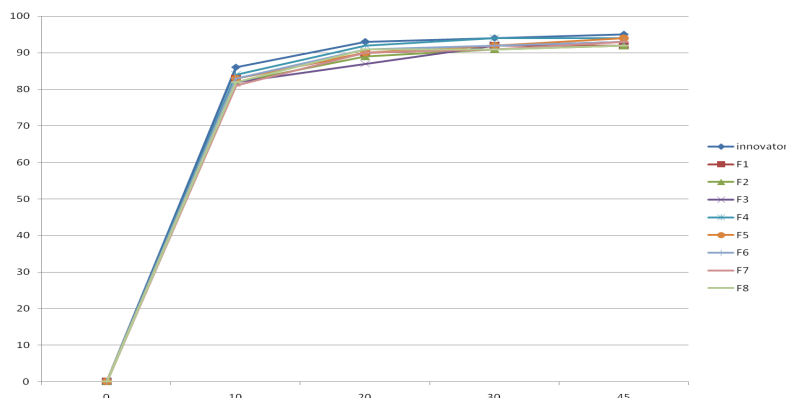
**HPLC Report**Sample [information@E/data/2014/may1/aripiprazole 1.5.14](#)**Figure 4:** sample peak table information @E/data/2014/may1/Aripiprazole 1.5.14**Table IX:** PD A multi 240nm

Peak	Name	Ret.time	Area	Area
1	aripiprazole	5.151	8877654	100%
Total			8877654	

**Dissolution Profile of Aripiprazole Tablets:****Table X :** Dissolution profile of Aripiprazole Formulations

BATCH	Cumulative % of Drug release				
	TIME (min)				
	0	10	20	30	45
INNOVATOR	0	86	93	94	95
F1	0	83	90	92	92
F2	0	82	89	91	92
F3	0	82	87	92	93
F4	0	84	92	94	94
F5	0	83	90	92	94
F6	0	83	91	92	93
F7	0	81	90	91	93
F8	0	82	91	91	92

**Comparision With Innovator:**



**Figure 5: Dissolution profile of Innovator, F1-F8 batches**

In vitro dissolution studies of formulations F1-F8 were carried out in pH 1.2 buffer medium and percentage of drug release was calculated. All the formulations were kept for 45 minutes. It was found that all the formulations met the limits (NLT 90% in 30 min). The dissolution profile of each formulation was compared with that of the innovator product and found the formulation F4

had approximate values of percentage drug release with that of innovator.

#### **Accelerated Stability Studies:**

Aripiprazole 10mg tablets were evaluated for accelerated stability studies at 20-25°C / 75 % RH condition. The stability details / results are presented as below. Storage Condition: 20-25°C / 75 % RH Pack: HDPE Container Storage Period: 1 month and 2 months.

**Table XI: Summary of Accelerated Stability Studies:**

S.no	Test	Specifications	Initial	After 1 month	After 2 months
1	Description	Light pink to pink, modified rectangular, bevel edged biconvex tablets	Complies	Complies	Complies
2	Identification	The retention time of major peak in the chromatogram of the assay preparation corresponds to that in the chromatogram of the standard preparation as obtained in the assay.	Complies	Complies	Complies
3	Dissolution	NLT 75% release after 30min	94%	93.8%	93.7%
4	Related Substances (%)	NMT 0.30%w/w	Complies	Complies	Complies
5	Assay (By HPLC)	NLT 9.0 percent and NMT 11.0 percent	10.5%	10%	9.5%

The stability studies on aripiprazole IR tablets in HDPE container at 20-25°C / 60 % RH for 2 months were conducted as per ICH protocol. After the specified time period (1 month and 2 months), the samples were unloaded from the stability chambers and were tested for any physical or chemical changes. Also the tests for dissolution and assay were conducted to assess the stability of

product. The results for dissolution and assay are summarised below.

Dissolution: No significant change was observed in the percentage drug dissolved after a storage period of 1 month at 40±2°C / 75 % RH and 2 months at 20-25°C / 60 % RH for aripiprazole IR tablets.

Assay: No significant change was observed in the assay value of aripiprazole IR tablets, after a

storage period of 1 month at  $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  / 75 % RH

#### Inference:

From the above data it was evident that there was no significant change in the physical and chemical parameters of aripiprazole IR tablets during the stability studies conducted at  $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  & 75%RH for 1 month period and 2 months at  $20\text{--}25^\circ\text{C}$  & 60%RH.

#### DISCUSSION:

The prepared tablets were checked for assay as per IP specifications. All the formulations passed the test and the percentage of active ingredient ranges from 96 to 99.8%. In preformulation study API characterization is done [Table 2,3,4], drug and excipient blends are subjected to compatibility studies [Table 5]. From the FT-IR reports, it is found that there is no incompatibility [Fig 1, 2]. Physical compatibility is also tested by subjecting the blend to various storage conditions and it is found that the blend is stable. The blend was compressed into tablets and were analysed for the parameters such as average weight, disintegration, friability, thickness and hardness.

All formulations shows satisfactory values compared to innovator product. But the dissolution profile of F4 have equivalent profile that of innovator as compared to other formulations and concluded that F4 is better and similar to innovator product. Because other formulations have low drug release profile on dissolution compared to innovator product [Fig 5]. The F4 formulation has been subjected to stability studies according to ICH guidelines. This formulation is found to be stable for 2 months.

#### CONCLUSION:

The present study concluded that aripiprazole 10mg tablets have been formulated and developed by using wet granulation technique. In order to obtain best optimised product, 8 different formulations were developed. For 8 formulations

and 2 months at  $20\text{--}25^\circ\text{C}$  / 60 % RH.

the different physical properties showed best comparable with reference product. But higher percentage of drug release was observed when the formulation contained corn starch when compared with formulations contained starch and Pregelatinised starch. The formulation F4 has shown drug release NLT 94% in 45min accordance with the USP dissolution criteria for IR aripiprazole tablet formulation. The results suggest that formulation with corn starch showed similar dissolution profile with innovator drug.

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